

*J. Luman*

# THE ARGUS.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

P. H. COLLE, EDITOR.

AND PROPRIETOR.

## Terms:

ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS per annum in advance; \$2.00 within the year; and if not paid within that time, \$2.50 will be charged. Office over H. T. Hartwell's Store.

## "The Voices of the Night."

A FORUM BY PROFESSOR SHORTFELLOW.

Tired of reading, tired of writing, tired of copying and inditing, And the bed looked so inviting, as if it were to sleep, That I folded up my paper, and extinguishing my taper, Without cutting even a caper, softly to my bed did creep.

Soon I fell into a slumber, and had dreamings without number, With no nightmares to encumber the blessings of my rest, When a sound beneath my "winders," burnt my visions into cinders—Knocked my sleep all into flinders, so I got up and dressed.

Such another horrid squalling, and infernal caterwauling, Never could be so appalling, as to me it seemed that night, The Thomas Cats of all creation, were let out upon probation, And were "scratching like the nation," in an everlasting fight.

Hastily throwing up the sashes, I made divers frantic dashes, Of shovelfuls of fire and ashes, on the maddened brutes below. Quick the fiends began to scatter, and to cease their "farnel clatter," Having settled thus the matter I again to bed did go.

But if I should live forever, it were all a vain endeavor, And I'm certain I could never more forget the horrid fright, Which came over me through the sashes, when I threw the fire and ashes, In some trifling domestic squabble, as the "VOICES OF THE NIGHT."

## Signatures.

A good signature—a good bold one we mean—is an important acquisition for a merchant or business man of any kind. A few days since, one of our most wealthy merchants received a letter from another merchant in New York, apprising him that drafts against him (the Cincinnati merchant) to a heavy amount were in his hands, and would fall due on a certain day, and desiring advice as to the address of his New York correspondent, to whom he could present the drafts for payment. Our merchant had ample means on deposit in New York, and of course it was but a moment's trouble to afford the desired information.

The letter he examined was a very brief one, strictly business-like, and was signed, as well as he could make out, "Thomas Finley," with which he took to be a little flourish underneath, and without the customary respectfully &c., or other complimentary prefixes.

Think the letter was addressed, but in due course of return mail, the merchant had to his dismay, returned to him a notice of protest of drafts. The news leaked out here and spread like wild-fire, that Mr. ——— had failed for enormous amounts. A heavy run was of course the consequence, which he, however, promptly met, and after some days' delay, was compelled to take a trip to New York, to ascertain the difficulty.

To his surprise, he found his funds all right, and his correspondents all right, and no notice whatever had been received from "Mr. Finley"—nor could any such merchant be found. The letter he had addressed, he found lying in the New York office. At last, referring to the original letter, and applying to it a closer scrutiny, it was found that the little flourish at the bottom was the signature—it being a very short name, and almost totally concealed by flourish marks, and that the "Thomas Finley," so boldly and plainly was nothing more nor less than "Yours Truly."

Many merchants of high standing have been ruined in business from more trifling causes than this. In writing for newspapers, similar difficulties often occur from correspondents not writing proper names and important words boldly and plainly.—*Cin. Dispatch.*

Old Zack has written to a friend in Cincinnati, that he will sojourn 3 days in that city, on his way to the White House.

# THE ARGUS, AND UNION COUNTY ADVERTISER.

Vol. 4.

Marysville, Ohio, December 13, 1848.

No. 29.

## The Position of things at the Capital.

The Hall of Representatives of the State of Ohio is now in the possession of an organized mob, which declares itself to be in perpetual session within its walls. The nucleus of that mob is composed of members' elect to the House of Representatives, and of strangers, claiming seats, and pretending a right to assist in the organization of a constitutional Legislature and to have a voice in the doings of that Legislature, when it shall be organized. To aid this band of revolutionary factionists to hold violent possession of that House, the entry of which they gained by fraud, stands a gang of bullies, recruited from the ranks of a disbanded army, or chosen from their unscrupulous fitness, from among the horde of office-holders with which the government of the United States has favored the State of Ohio.

As Chairman of this Pandemonium, sits Benjamin F. Leiter, of Stark county, a man peculiarly fitted by nature to perform the will and carry out the designs of those party leaders who have chosen him for their instrument, and who will, when he has been used, either sacrifice him to their ambition, or elevate him to a still higher eminence of infamy to subserve designs as yet latent and undeclared. To support this usurper in the seat which he claims and a caricature of whose duties he incessantly performs, there is a bevy of unwholesome looking ruffians, in whose unpleasant countenances the flames of revolution and the fires of intemperance seem struggling for the mastery. Day and night, in imitation of the tribunals and political bodies of Revolutionary France, in the days of bloodshed and misanthropic cruelty, sits this revolutionary chairman, and around him sit the members of this revolutionary assembly. Impotent and without the power of constitutional action—conscious of safety only in the peaceful dispositions of a people not prone to strife and bloodshed, the mob sits on in declared perpetual session, malignant in its impotency and striving with fierce threats and denunciations, to force to its aid men who, when there, will, by their own showing only be used to further their designs upon the peace of the State, and the safety of the constitution.

And how, it may be asked, came this body of men to be found in the place where, at this season, the sworn legislators of the State of Ohio are wont to sit? They came in by fraud. Disregarding those forms of civil proceeding which, from long use and by common consent, as well as by their acknowledged practical utility, had been adopted and employed in the organization of legal assemblies until they had become invested with the all binding force of positive law, they at an unusual and unprecedented hour stole their way into the Hall which they now occupy, and there regardless of the rights of the people, and in despite of their interest they remain; and although not an attempt has been made to force them from their position or to prevent them from keeping it, they have surrounded themselves with a host of followers to bully and brow-beat, and if necessary to employ deadly force in aid of their fraudulent seizure, forcible possession and criminal retention of the Hall of legislation.

The people of the State of Ohio should endeavor to become acquainted with the real state of the case as it exists here. To that people must, in the event, the appeal be made—who is right? Faction and force may endeavor to produce revolutionary results and to bind the people for a time to its untimely and illegal production; but as the last resort nothing can be secured to any party except by the legally expressed fiat of the people. The leaders of this movement well know that their course must lead to a revolution or terminate in their downfall. They are sufficiently skilled in the history of mankind, and in the laws that govern humanity, to be well assured that to one, or the other of these termini they must surely arrive. Destruction they certainly do not aim at, and the conclusion is irresistible that they have determined on Revolution.

But we are not left to conjecture as to the intentions of these disturbers of the peace of the State of Ohio. The Halls of the State, hitherto sacred to peaceful legislation, have rung with the scream of revolution and anarchy. To them has sounded the cry of *overthrow*, in the excited voices of men who need nothing but the opportunity to tread among us, the blood-stained path trod by a Danton and Robespierre, and in whose maddened and excited vision that path of blood seems daily opening, widening and inviting them to follow it.—*O.S. Journal, December 6.*

The box constructor is dead.

## A Proposed Compromise.

Our neighbor of the Ohio Standard, who speaks for neither Whig or Locofoco, makes the following remarks upon a proposition for compromise, submitted on Monday by Dr. Townshend, the "Free Soil" Representative from Lorain:

"The proposition made by Dr. Townshend, the able and honest Representative from Lorain, that the city claimants of seats from Hamilton county, should retire until the House should organize, and then let both present their evidence, and the House decide which has *prima facie* evidence entitling them to be sworn in, was a fair proposition, such as honorable men, desirous of the honor and welfare of the State, should have acceded to; which we believe would have been acceded to had it not been for the excitement of the moment, and which we trust will yet be accepted and acted upon. So far as party action is concerned, we know that the Democracy would lose nothing in doing it. The Free Soil men are determined that no election shall be gone into until the House be organized upon just and legal principles. From this position they cannot be swayed by any consideration which either Whigs or Democrats can offer."

And this proposition, so fair in itself, and coming from a quarter so impartial as between the parties in controversy, was promptly accepted by the Whigs, and as promptly refused by the Locofocos. From our knowledge of the Whigs of the House we are confident that they will not reject any proposition which does not compromise the rights of their constituents—and we greatly mistake the men if they will submit to any that is unfair.—*Ohio State Journal, Dec. 6.*

ABOUT A HURD.—That chairman of the Locofoco mob in the State House, whose fitness for the situation which he holds argues a special creation for that purpose, is about to be presented with a box of hats, by his Locofoco admirers, probably as an evidence of their love for his straight-forwardness and efficiency. The Whigs, after the manner of those who present cups and plates to public benefactors, are thinking of making him a present of a full set of chamber furniture, as a token of respect for his vast powers of retention, and astonishing freedom of delivery.—*Journal.*

WE DO NOT KNOW WHAT IT MEANS.—A friend of ours mentions as a geographical fact, that *Slidder's Creek*, which used to meander past the State House, now passes through that edifice, and that it has lately *ris*.—*Journal.*

## Success of Plank Roads.

The people of this section are now reaping the benefit of the plank roads. We have now extending from this city four distinct lines of plank roads—one extending to Boonville on the north, a distance of thirty two miles; one to Bridgewater, about twenty miles to the south, and soon to be extended twenty miles further; another to Waterville, twenty miles southwest, and to be extended fifteen miles more to Hamilton; and the fourth extending westward to Rome, sixteen miles, and forming, by conjunction with others at Rome, an uninterrupted plank road communication with the northern parts of Oneida and Lewis counties, and Lake Ontario and Salmon river, in Oswego county. There are also several direct and lateral extensions of this line now in progress and in contemplation, which, when completed, will link the extreme Southern counties of the State, and open an easy and rapid communication between sections which have hitherto enjoyed but little intercourse with each other. All the plank roads that have been put in operation in this State, are doing a prosperous and profitable business. The roads in this section are all reaping a rich harvest of toll. We mentioned a few days ago, that the Rome and Oswego Road had divided six per cent, on the profits of the last six months. We learn that, after paying this large dividend, one third of the tolls have been invested as a sinking fund thus making the earnings of the road during the half year about nine per cent on its capital stock. The entire cost of the road was about \$85,000. Since its construction a very large proportion of the travel reached Oswego by way of this route. We notice recently in a Milwaukee, Wisconsin paper, that the receipts for tolls on the Chicago plank road already amounted to one hundred dollars a day, and it is yet completed only about twelve miles.—*Utica Journal.*

## Union County Agricultural Society.

P. B. COLE, Esq.—This Society held its second Annual Exhibition in this place on Thursday, the 26th of October last; but for want of time to close the business before it on that day, the Board of Managers adjourned till Saturday the 1st of the present month, to make their final awards as well on crops as on articles where there was no competition, &c.

The following is a list of Premiums awarded:

**On Horses.**  
For the best breeding mare and colt, to A. H. Thompson \$5.00  
For the best gelding years old and upward, to Wilson Reed. 4.00  
2nd best do John Gibson. 3.00  
Best 2 year old colt, Jesse Carpenter. 3.00  
2nd best do Josiah Westlake. 2.00  
Best yearling colt, Jacob Wolf. 3.00  
2nd best do James Galloway. 2.00

**On Cattle.**  
For the best bull calf to R. D. Reed. 2.00  
Best year old bull D. Coe. 4.00  
Best 2 year old bull E. Burnham. 4.00  
2nd best do J. C. Miller. 3.00  
Best bull not less than 3 years old, I. R. Galloway. 4.00  
2nd best do A. A. Woodworth. 3.00  
Best year old heifer R. D. Reed. 3.00  
2nd best do E. Burnham. 2.00  
Best year old heifer, same. 3.00  
2nd best do same. 2.00  
Best cow not less than 3 years old same. 4.00  
2nd best do same. 3.00  
Best yoke of work cattle D. Coe. 5.00  
2nd best do B. Hopkins. 4.00

**On Swine.**  
For the best boar not over 6 months old, to B. Hopkins. 2.00  
Best boar between 6 and 12 months old, Samuel Marsh. 2.00  
Best sow between 6 and 12 months old, J. R. Galloway. 2.00  
Best sow not over 6 months old same 2.00  
Best sow between 6 and 12 m. same 2.00  
do do 12 and 24 months, C. Lee. 2.00  
Heaviest hog under 24 months old, B. Hopkins. 2.00

**On Sheep.**  
For the best long woolled buck, to E. Burnham. 3.00  
Best long woolled ewe same. 2.00  
Best fine woolled buck, F. Hemmway. 3.00  
do do ewe, A. H. Thompson. 2.00

**Miscellaneous Articles.**  
For the best acre of corn (123 bu.) to J. R. Galloway. 5.00  
2nd best do (123 bu.) Joel Rice. 3.00  
Best two horse wagon, Rowland Lee. 5.00  
Best diamond plow, Thomas Turner. 2.00  
Best specimen of butter 6 lbs. Aaron Skinner. 2.00  
2nd best do J. R. Galloway. 1.00  
Best specimen of cheese no Smith. 2.00  
2nd best do B. Hopkins. 1.00  
Best exhibition of sugar, 10 lbs. to Daniel Coe. 2.00  
2nd best do J. H. Ryan. 1.00  
Best 10 yards domestic flannel, E. Burnham. 2.00  
Best pair of blankets same 2.00  
Best 2 pair of woolen hose, J. F. Sabin. 1.00  
Best set of fancy chairs, Colver & Calendar. 2.00  
Best rocking chair same 2.00  
Best single buggy harness, Wm. C. Malin. 4.00  
Best meat tub A. McDowell. 2.00  
Best 10 yards carpeting, S. Resler. 2.00  
Best quilt F. Hemmway. 2.00  
2nd best, same 1.00  
Best specimen of artificial, Mrs. P. F. Holzinger. 1.00  
Best 10 yards Jeans, Samuel Marsh. 2.00  
Best coverlet, A. A. Woodworth. 3.00

## An abstract of the Treasurer's Report.

C. LEE, Treasurer of the Agr. Soc., Dr.  
To cash remaining in Treasury, Dec. 4, 1847. \$63.00  
To cash received voluntary subscriptions, 20.00  
To cash of members being fees imposed, 44.00  
To cash received from the County Treasury, 64.00  
To cash donated by Elephas Burnham, Esq. 15.00  
**Total, \$206.50**  
Contra.  
To cash paid in premiums awarded by committees, \$96.00  
To cash paid printer, 1.00  
**Total, \$97.00**  
Balance in hands of Treasurer, 109.50  
**\$206.50**  
JOHN JOHNSON, Sec'y.  
Marysville, Ohio.

## Ohio State Journal—for the Session.

The time is already at hand when, according to the requirements of the Constitution of Ohio, the Representatives of the People will assemble at the Capitol, for the annual transaction of such business as the public exigencies may require. Questions of moment, affecting the interests of the State and of the People, will engage the attention of the Legislature, and impart lively and lasting interest to the whole community. As a means of gratifying this interest, the proprietors of the Ohio State Journal will be prepared to render a prompt and faithful account of the daily transactions of the General Assembly, as they shall transpire. To do this, a great expense on their part will be necessarily incurred. In lieu of the usual indefinite mode of subscribing for the Session, without regard to its duration, we propose to supply those who may choose to patronize our press, with the Ohio State Journal for the period of three months commencing with the first Monday in December, at one-fourth the price of the regular annual subscription. This period will in all probability embrace more than the term of the Legislative Session, and will continue during the entire session of Congress.

For a reimbursement of the large outlays which we must necessarily incur to carry out this arrangement, we look with confidence for an enlarged and liberally sustained circulation of our paper; and we ask of those to whose hands this prospectus may fall—and especially of such as favorably appreciate our labors in upholding and advancing the whig cause for which our fathers were content to labor—to aid us in procuring subscriptions, and forwarding the pay. As the State Journal relies for support exclusively upon the patronage of a discerning public, and is in no way connected with the State Printing, it becomes unavoidably necessary as a prudent means of self-preservation, that subscriptions for less than a year should be paid invariably in advance.

A crisis is at hand in the affairs of the State of Ohio. The People have, in the usual manner, chosen their representatives. But in some instances the Clerks of the Courts have taken upon themselves to place themselves, instead of the people and the laws and by their own act of assumed authority, to constitute members of the General Assembly, in derogation of both the laws of the land, and of the popular will! We are prepared to see persons thus furnished with credentials, present themselves at the bar of the House, and claim to be recognized as members of the General Assembly! We are prepared to see these fraudulent and counterfeit claims zealously sustained by the unscrupulous leaders of a thoroughly organized party, and the acts of those leaders defended by a reckless and mercenary press. It is the business and bounden duty of the sovereign people, to vindicate the majesty of the laws, and to protect and defend the Constitution, as it was framed and transmitted to them by their fathers. It remains to be seen whether the Ark of our political Covenant is to be committed to the ruthless hands of factionists and disorganizers, or preserved sacred and inviolate. And while questions of such magnitude and vitality are pending it behooves the people to keep constant vigils.

**TERMS.**  
Daily for 3 months, \$2 00  
Tri-weekly, " 1 00  
Weekly, " 50  
Persons who may interest themselves by procuring subscribers and forwarding the pay shall be entitled to a single copy. And Editors in this State, by giving three successive insertions and sending a copy marked, will be entitled to a Daily Session exchange.  
**THRAILL & REED.**  
Columbus, Nov. 11, 1848.

**CHICKEN FITS.**—There is a man out west who had a hair-lip—upon which he performed an operation himself by inserting into the opening a piece of chicken flesh—it adhered and filled up the space admirably. This was all well enough until in compliance with the prevailing fashion he attempted to

## ADVERTISER.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per square (fourteen lines or less) for three weeks; and twenty five cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Marriages, Deaths, Religious and Political Notices, published free of charge.

All communications must be post-paid to insure attention.

raise moustaches, when on one side grew hair, and on the other feathers.

## Patent Medicines.

### SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.

The following certificate is only another link in the great chain of testimony to its merits. Let the afflicted read and be convinced. What it has done once, it will do again—

MADISONVILLE, Ky., Feb. 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Having used your Sarsaparilla in my family, and witnessed its beneficial effects on one of my children I feel it to be a duty I owe the community to make the case public. About two years ago my little son was attacked with Scrofula or King's Evil, which broke out in eight or nine places round the neck and jaw, and finally effected his eyes, rendering him entirely blind. During the first year from the time he was taken, he was attended by several physicians, but continued to get worse until I despaired of his ever getting well. Having seen your Sarsaparilla advertised with certificates of its cures, I concluded I would give it a trial, and accordingly sent to Cincinnati and procured a few bottles, and now, after having used nine bottles, I have the gratification of saying he is well. The sores are all entirely healed, and his sight nearly as good as ever it was; and I have no hesitation in saying, that he was entirely cured by the use of your Sarsaparilla.

Yours truly, E. BASSETT.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton st., New York.

Agents.—Marysville, R. PICKET; Delaware, W. W. FAY; Bellefontaine, THOMAS ARMSTRONG; West Liberty, H. M. WHITE; Urbana, J. KAUFFMAN; and by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Price \$1.00 per bottle; six bottles for five dollars.

**SORE THROAT, Coughs, Consumption.** Pain in various parts of the body, and other unpleasant symptoms, are the effect of catching cold.

**Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills** are a delightful medicine for carrying off a cold, because they purge from the body all morbid and corrupt humors in an easy and natural manner. From three to six of said Indian Vegetable Pills, taken every night on going to bed, will, in a short time, make a perfect cure of the most obstinate cold—at the same time the blood and other fluids will be thoroughly purified, and the constitution so completely invigorated, that the body will be restored to even sounder health than before.

**Beware of Sugar-Coated Counterfeits!** Remember that the original and only genuine **Indian Vegetable Pills** have the written signature of WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

The genuine is for sale by JAMES W. EVANS, sole agent for Marysville; ANDREW KEYES, Milford; S. J. KIRK, Scott's corners; and by one Agent in every village and town in the United States.

Wholesale by SAMUEL GARRETT, Cincinnati; and at Dr. W. WRIGHT'S principal office, 169 Race street, Philadelphia.

June 14, 1848.

Dr. G. C. Vaughns Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture, the Great American Remedy is attracting the notice of the principal papers all over the country. Not a Journal of any respectability, but what has commented upon the great fame of this medicine. It has been introduced all over the world, and has earned for itself a reputation never before equalled by an article in the line, in this or any other country. The stories told of its singular power over diseases of every nature, serve to strengthen the belief that magic has an agency in the matter, and the facts as they stand forth in the blaze of noonday, stripped of all embellishments, are truly startling. No other medicine is ever thought of in many of our most populous villages and towns, and the voices we might almost say of millions, cured of all kinds of complaints are heard of in its praise. See our columns, call on Agents of the Great American Remedy this Lithontriptic Mixture, and get a pamphlet.



# THE ARGUS,

AND  
Union County Advertiser.

Marysville, Ohio.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1848.

E. W. Carr, No. 440 No 4th Street, Philadelphia, is an Agent to procure Advertisements and Subscribers for The Argus & Union County Advertiser.

## The Agricultural Society.

On the first page of to-day's paper will be seen a list of Premiums, awarded by the Committees of the Agricultural Society, upon articles and stock shown at the late exhibition, and we were gratified to see that the stock shown this year was generally greatly superior to that shown last year, which very clearly evinces the beneficial influence the Society has already exerted in producing a spirit of emulation and improvement. We observe also that the people of the Central and Northern part of the county have gained on the South this year in the production of Horses, while the greater portion of the premiums have gone to the South part of the county as usual on most of the articles—yet on horses the south has felt into the rear.—And our southern neighbors will have to keep wide awake, or the north will further advance upon them in other respect by the time another exhibition comes off. And while we wish prosperity and success to all, we should be particularly gratified to see every other portion of the county attain to a state of improvement equal to that of the South—for when that shall have come to pass, our county will sustain a very respectable position among the most productive in the State. We believed, and so said—from the first move made to establish this Society that it would exercise a good influence, and we feel more convinced of the fact now than at any former time. And we trust that the Society will be sustained, and be productive of a spirit of improvement in the Agricultural business, which is—must always continue to be the great and leading interest of the county.

[The foregoing article was written for last week's paper, but was crowded out.]

## President Polk's Message.

We have received the above named Document, but in consequence of its great length we shall not attempt to publish it.—We could not get it into our paper if we should exclude every thing else.

## OHIO LEGISLATURE.

No organization had been effected in the Lower House up to Monday.—It still remained in the same condition that it was in last week—the Whigs offering to compromise for the sake of peace—and the Locofocos still refusing to do so. In the Senate John R. Knapp, Locofoco, had been elected Clerk on the 12th ballotings; and some 36 ballotings had been had for Sergeant-at-Arms, without any choice. We judge from all that we have been able to learn from the proceedings and temper manifested by the Locofocos, that there will be no organization of the House this winter; for the members of that party will consent to no proposition unless it will give them a majority. And the Whigs cannot agree to any such, because they have no right to do so. The people having elected a majority of Whig members—they cannot be justified in suffering the majority of the people defrauded out of their rights.

## The Law Breakers.

The Locofoco members of the House of Representatives of the State of Ohio present themselves to the world as the open and avowed violators of the law of the State.—The law dividing the State into Legislative Districts allows eight wards of Cincinnati 2 Representatives, and the balance of the city and county 3 Representatives. This law the Locofocos set at defiance, and at the election voted for 5 members throughout both Districts in common.—The Whigs obeyed the law and voted for members according to the Districts, and two Whig members were elected in the city, in strict accordance with the law, and have their certificates as being elected from the City District, and the 5 Locofocos have certificates as being elected by the whole county including the city, which certificates can be of no legal force, as there is no district in the law such as their certificates recognize. There is no district entitled to 5 members, still these men in the face of the law get possession of seats in the House, and declare that they will defend them by physical force, and will yield up their lives before they will give up their seats—and for fear the Whigs will get into their seats they had continued in perpetual session day and night up to the last accounts. On the other hand the Whig members from Cin-

cinnati, who are legally elected, and have it said, legal certificates, offer to withdraw until their rights are settled, if the Locofoco claimants will do the same; but this the Locos will not do. They are afraid to submit to a legal trial of their rights—they prefer to hold on by mere force and violence—as they must know that is the only way they can retain possession.—It now remains to be seen how far these Locofoco law breakers will be sustained by the people.—If these men can violate the law with impunity there will be no propriety hereafter in punishing thieves, robbers, and other violators of the law. And if the Representatives of a party some eighteen thousand in a minority in the State can insist and be sustained in the claim that they shall have more representatives than those parties having eighteen thousand majority, then it will be no longer proper to call this a republican government where the majority rules. For the Whig and Free Soil parties united have a majority in the popular vote of the State of over eighteen thousand, and those two parties have elected from 4 to 6 more members of the Lower House than the Locofocos have, and the representatives of the Whig and Free Soil parties agree as to the rights of the contested members, yet the representatives of the minority have got possession of the seats, and declare that they will not suffer their rights to be questioned in a legal way.—This we understand to be a fair presentation of the question. On the part of the Whig and Free Soil members it is claimed that the law shall be obeyed, and that the majority shall rule.—On the Locofoco side it is claimed that the law shall be violated, and that the minority shall prevail.

## The House—Another Peace Proposition by a Majority of the House, rejected by the Locofocos.

At ten o'clock this morning, Gen. Holcomb again called the House to order, (the Locofocos still occupying seats on the left hand side, and Mr. Leiter from Stark, posted in the chair usually occupied by the Speaker,) and after a call of the unrepresented districts, without any one answering, Mr. Olds offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the Whigs. Previous to putting the question on the resolutions, Mr. Spencer asked to be excused from voting upon them, as his right to a seat was involved in the dispute. Although, by adopting that paper, his friends apparently acknowledged a doubt as to his right to a seat, where, in his view, no doubt could exist, yet he was willing, for the sake of peace and harmony, for the welfare of the State, to yield to the action of his friends, and even sign his name to the paper. All who acknowledge the force of law, must recognize his right to a seat here. Mr. S. spoke briefly—and then the resolutions were adopted, as follows:

WHEREAS, We have been engaged, since Monday morning last, in efforts to organize this House in a legal and constitutional manner, and in accordance with our sense of duty to our constituents, which efforts have hitherto proved unsuccessful; and whereas we are now ready, as we ever have been, to co-operate with all members elect upon this floor, in a fair, amicable and legal organization of the House; therefore,

Resolved, That we accept and adopt the plan of organization proposed in our hearing yesterday, by Mr. Riddle, on behalf of himself and seven other members elect, (as follows):

"WHEREAS, The members elect of the House of Representatives of the State of Ohio, have assembled at the Capitol of the State, and have been sworn into office, but have as yet been unable to organize in consequence of a difference of opinion as to the right of certain gentlemen, (who with the rest, have been sworn in,) to occupy seats in this Hall, and to participate in the deliberations of this body; and whereas, this difference of opinion seems likely to prevent an organization of the General Assembly, and interrupt the progress of the Government, a result to be deprecated by every good citizen. Therefore,

Resolved, By the members elect of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of preserving the dignity of this body, securing an organization thereof, saving the State from anarchy, and effecting a temporary organization of the House, that the certificates or other evidence of election of Messrs. Pugh, Pierce, Runyan and Spencer, be returned to them—that the certificates of all other members elect shall be delivered to Dr. Townsend, of Lorain county, and placed on file—that all the certified members except Messrs. Pugh, Pierce, Runyan and Spencer, none of whom shall participate in the deliberations of this body until their respective rights to seats therein shall be determined.

Resolved, That the members elect thus assembled, shall proceed to elect a Speaker, Clerk and Sergeant-at-arms, all pro tem.

Resolved, That the Speaker temporarily elect, shall forthwith appoint

the usual committee on Privileges and Elections, to whom shall be referred all certificates, papers and claims of members to seats, which committee shall, as promptly as possible, report the same to the House.

Resolved, That there shall be no election of permanent officers—no legislative business transacted beyond what is necessary to effect a permanent organization of the House, until all claims to seats shall be decided, unless by common consent of the House, except it be to communicate with the Senate, and to unite with them in canvassing the votes for Governor.

Resolved, That all questions relating to the claims of members to seats shall be considered separately—that all certificated members not herein before excepted shall have a right to vote, provided that no one shall have a right to vote upon any question in any way relating to his own seat.

Resolved, That if any member elect be held not entitled to his seat on the ground of illegibility, the minority candidate shall in no case be permitted to take said seat, but the same shall be declared vacant, and the question as to who shall occupy the same shall be referred back to the people of the proper districts.

Resolved, That if all the foregoing resolutions shall be adopted and carried out in good faith, we pledge our honor as men to abide by them and the principles therein set forth.

N. L. Chaffee,  
S. W. McClure,  
Isaac Van Doren,  
Leverett Johnson,  
Isaac Lee,  
John F. Morse,  
A. G. Riddle,  
Norton S. Townsend."

Resolved, That if all the foregoing resolutions shall be carried out in good faith, we pledge our honor, as men, to abide by them and the principles therein set forth.

Chauncey N. Olds,  
Joseph K. Will,  
Miller Pennington,  
Samuel Bigger,  
Jesse C. Phillips,  
Henry W. Smith,  
Almon Jones,  
Abraham Thomson,  
David Gregory,  
Joshua Hambleton,  
Josiah S. Copeland,  
Richard Green,  
Felix Marsh,  
Seth Woodford,  
George Hardesty,  
Anselm T. Holcomb,  
Oliver M. Spencer,  
George W. Runyan,  
John Hammond,  
R. F. Howard,  
George Reber,  
H. S. Bundy,  
Andrew Scott,  
Samuel Watt,  
Tanny Julian,  
Luther Giddings,  
Abel S. Randall,  
John Foster,  
Ezra Brainard,  
John A. Dodds.

At this point in the proceedings Mr. Breslin (Locofoco) made his appearance at the Clerk's desk and proceeded to read a paper in relation to matters as they have stood for the past week, misrepresenting, intentionally or unintentionally, the position of the Whigs. After he had concluded the reading, Mr. Pugh said he had no doubt of the unconstitutionality of the apportionment law! He was sent here to defend the rights of the people of Hamilton county, and he would never compromise. He was the Representative of the whole county—not of a district—and he was elected in defiance of the law of last winter, and the people of Hamilton county never would submit to that law. They had sent him here expressly to oppose that law. If the Constitution could not prevent the division of counties, why let there be no Constitution. After Mr. P. had spoken at length,

Mr. Olds offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to inquire into, and report to this House, the causes which have thus far prevented a perfect organization of this House.

In offering this resolution Mr. Olds addressed the members assembled at length—his remarks will be given hereafter—and upon the conclusion of his address, Messrs. Olds, Pennington, Riddle and Bundy, were appointed a committee under the resolution.

Mr. Pugh again took the floor, and during the course of his remarks, he admitted that, through fear that the Whigs would get the start of them, they had made a rapid move on Monday morning—and that now he would never assent to anything in the shape of a proposition coming from the

Whigs, having for its object any change in the present position of matters in this Hall.

Mr. Spencer moved a call of the unrepresented districts, and before the question was taken, he addressed the House. He said the Constitutionality of the apportionment law has been called in question by Mr. Pugh. Now, that act is either the law, or it is not. If it is the law, it should not be violated. If it is not the law, why is the gentleman (Mr. Pugh) here claiming a seat under it? Gentlemen on the left have mistaken the intelligence of the people when they suppose their right will be recognized to decide upon this great Constitutional question. The gentleman claims that he has a certificate in accordance with the law. I claim that I have a certificate which entitles me to my seat under the law. Here then we stand. I can never submit that my right shall be decided upon by the vote of that gentleman. I will not ask to decide upon his claim. I will not say stand aside, for 'I am holier than thou;' nor shall he say to me 'I am holier than thou.' He claims the seat. I claim it. Here we are equal. If the law be as I claim it, I am entitled to my seat. If it be as he claims it, he should have his seat. This question I am prepared to submit to any constitutional tribunal which is competent to try the matter.

At the close of Mr. Spencer's remarks the House adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

We call the attention of the public to the important fact that here is a fair and equitable proposition signed by members of the House, submitted to the consideration of the Revolutionists, and rejected by them. It must be borne in mind that these factionists came together bound by their resolution of the 10th of May to break up the law-making power of the State, or to control it; and in pursuance of that resolution they are now acting.—Journal, Dec. 9.

## Free Soil Convention.

The exigencies of the times have been such, hitherto, as to prevent the Free Democracy of the State of Ohio from taking separate and concerted action in State affairs. But now since the excitement of the recent elections has subsided and the embarrassing circumstances have been withdrawn—since it is so evident to every unbiased mind that political reform is necessary—since the efficiency and permanency of our party demands it—it is deemed highly important that our principles as a party be promulgated. The State Central Committee have therefore called a Delegate Convention to be held in Columbus on the 29th inst. "for the purpose of making known our principles with reference to State policy, and of taking such measures as shall be deemed best to advance our principles and secure an effective and permanent organization of our party." They recommend that one Delegate be sent from each county, one additional one for every 500 voters, and one for each fraction of 500 over 250.

In obedience to this call the Free Soil Voters of Union County, and others who intend acting with us, are requested to meet at the Court House, in Marysville, on Saturday, the 16th inst., at one o'clock, P. M., to appoint a Delegate to the State Convention. A full attendance is requested.

WILLIAM PORTER,  
JAM S KINKADE, Sen.  
W. W. WOODS,  
THOMAS BROWN,  
CHARLES RATHBUN,  
Central Committee of Union County,  
Marysville, Ohio, December 6, '48.

The question is frequently asked why the free soil representatives who have been sworn in on the whig side of the house do not leave them, and go over to the democratic side, and thus evince their good will to effect an organization. The reason is very obvious; the Free Soil Representatives were sent here to legislate upon the great cause of human progression, and not to fish for offices. The democrats have some members sworn in whose rights to seats are doubtful; with these doubtful members, the democrats would have a majority of all in the organization, excluding the two whig members from Cincinnati, sworn in on the whig side. The democracy once firmly seated, with a majority, it would be an uncommon stretch of faith to suppose that they would know any right but interest.

No, gentlemen democrats, the whigs have got the bits in your mouth, the free soilers have the reins, and by the grace of God they intend to hold them. Free and flounder as you please—the free soilers will exercise the high privilege of judging what is right on the disputed seats, before a permanent organization takes place.—Columbus Tribune, (Free Soil.)

WESTERN DOMINION.—We learn, that since the issue of the last number of this sheet, on Wednesday week, it has "kicked the bucket" and is no more: Its reputed editor and publisher left these parts on Tuesday, Dec. 5, for Salt River, or some other region, leaving some of his good friends in about the same fix (if not worse,) that bill-holders are occasionally left, when a bank explodes.

The concern [which was a son of the Ohio Statesman] had a miserable existence of near three years, and now that it has expired, we are content to let it rest in peace.—Urbana Citizen.

THE HOCKING SENTINEL, another of the Statesman's sons, died in Logan, Hocking county, a few days ago, of a lingering illness, occasioned by eating a large quantity of Polk root. B. P. Hewitt, Esq. has been appointed Administrator.—Argus Pr.

SPITTING OF BLOOD.—When the stream of life is encumbered with morbid humors, its volume or quantity is increased, and the blood-vessels are filled to overflowing; hence a rupturing of those which terminate in the lungs, and spitting of blood, consumption, and other dreadful complaints.—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are certain to put a stop to spitting of blood; because they expel from the circulation those corrupt humors which are the cause of the bursting of blood-vessels, and of every malady incident to man. From three to six of said Indian Vegetable Pills taken at night, on going to bed will in all cases give relief, and if repeated a few times, will most assuredly restore the body to a state of sound health.

Beware of Sugar-Coated Counterfeits! Remember that the original and only genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the written signature of WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

The genuine is for sale by JAMES W. EVANS, sole agent for Marysville; ANDREW KEYES, Milford; S. J. KIRK, Scott's corners; and by one Agent in every village and town in the United States.

If the Sick wish a diseased Stomach restored, and impure blood cleansed, without endangering their constitution, go to R. PICKER in Marysville, and obtain a box of Dr. Le Roy's Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla Pills, which are a safe family medicine; and for Sick Headache, Liver Complaints, or Dyspepsia, or Chills and Fever; they are the best medicine now in use. If Females knew their interests, they would not be without a box; if they had to pay \$1.00 instead of 25 cents a box. Give them a trial, and you will say as thousands are saying, "we will use no other." ||

## Sheriff's Sale.

Hollister & Boalt vs. Silas C. Strong. By virtue of a venditioni exponas to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Union county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in the town of Marysville, in said county, on the 17th of January, between the legal hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit: one hundred and eighty-five acres of Survey No. 5505 (in name of Robert Means) beginning at (an ash and sugar tree and iron wood) the northeast corner of Robert Means' survey No. 5498 (heretofore by mistake described in the levy as No. 584); thence north 10° 18' 182 poles more or less to an ash, beech and ironwood, the southeast corner of survey No. 5870, in name of W. Bunting; thence south 80° 2' to the beginning, (called in levy by mistake 13 rods) and being all of said survey No. 5505, except the west part conveyed by said S. G. Strong, as aforesaid, to Blackburn & Brown.

PHILIP SNIDER, Sheriff.  
December 13, 1848. n29w5

Notice is hereby Given, That the following named Administrators and Executor, have filed their accounts current and vouchers for final settlement at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Union county, Ohio:

David Danforth, Administrator of the Estate of William Herd, deceased.  
David Danforth, Administrator of the Estate of James Herd, deceased; and

John McAllister, Executor of the Estate of Isaac Cade, deceased.  
Attest, JAMES KINKADE, Jr.  
Clerk of Union Com. Pleas.  
December 13, 1848. n29w4

The editor of the Statesman, seems so very much tickled with the idea, that if there is no legislature this winter, there can be no collection of debts, that we cannot help thinking he is peculiarly interested.—Columbus Tribune, (Free Soil.)

## Sale of Real Estate by Order of Court.

ON the 16th day of January, 1848, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the door of the Court House, in the Town of Marysville, Union county, Ohio, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following real estate as the property of David H. Hathaway, deceased, to wit: Situate in the county of Union, Ohio, being part of Survey No. 3444, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at two beeches in the west line of the survey, and n w corner to S. Cook's land; thence running with said Cook and

Hopkins' line s 82° e 150 poles to a stone, two beeches and a red oak, a w corner to Charles Burns' lot; thence with his line n 74° e 53½ to a stake and stone s e corner to the land set off to Rachael Hathaway as her Dower; thence with the line of said Dower lot n 82° w 150 poles to a stake witness 2 ashes and an elm in the west line of said survey; thence with said line S 74° w 53½ poles to the beginning, containing fifty acres more or less: to be sold free of dower. Appraised at \$8,000 per acre. Terms of sale, one-half cash in hand, and the balance in one year with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by mortgage on the premises.

JOSIAH D. HENRY,  
RACHAEL HATHAWAY,  
Administrators of David H. Hathaway, deceased.  
December 13, 1848. n29w4

## THE CHEAP STORE!

T. & J. BROWN  
HAVE just now in possession a good stock of very desirable goods, but they are going pretty tolerable fast, and extremely low. Those wishing cheap goods of any description are invited therefore to come in and get a share whilst they're going.

Our customers are notified that our present books are filled, that we must now open new ones, and that before this is done we wish to close up the old accounts. Those therefore who have a standing of three months or upwards on our books, (except those with whom other arrangements have been made) will please come up and settle with the READY if possible, if not by NOTE.

Wheat, Oats, Corn, Lard, Mides, Calf and Fur Skins, and almost every variety of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods or on account, at the highest market price.

Butter particularly wanted at the Cheap Store. T. & J. BROWN.  
December 6, 1848.  
P.S.—An early compliance by our customers will be deemed a great favor.

T. & J. B.

## The Blind made to see—the Deaf to hear—the Lame to walk, and Speechless to talk!

D. I. KEZARTEE  
Continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and tenders his professional services to the citizens of Marysville and vicinity, and will be prepared at all times to treat diseases both acute and chronic, in the most prompt and skillful manner. Office on the north-west corner of the Public Square, opposite the Court House.  
November 22, 1848. n26tf

Law Notice.  
J. C. DOUGHTY, has made an arrangement with CHAS. SWEETSER, Esq., of Delaware, who will hereafter attend the several Courts of Union county, and assist in the trials of all the causes that may be entrusted to his care. Strict attention will be given to all business in the Courts of Common Pleas, and Supreme Court as well as suits before Justices of the Peace.  
J. C. DOUGHTY & C. SWEETSER,  
Attorneys at Law.  
October 8, 1847. n21\*6m

John Dasher's Estate.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified Administrator De Bonis Non on the Estate of John Dasher, late of Union county, deceased.

JOHN WEAVER,  
Dated at Marysville, Nov. 24, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as administrator on the estate of Alexander Hamilton, late of Union county, deceased. Dated at Marysville, this 16th day of November, 1848.  
JAMES R. OLIVER.



## NEW ARRANGEMENT

THE Subscriber having taken possession of the old stand formerly occupied by JAMES W. EVANS, would respectfully announce to the public that they still may expect to find a large and fine assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Halters, Harness of every description, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Portmanteaus, and in short every thing in his line of business, any or all of which can be had on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved trade, such as Cattle, Hides, Grain, Leather, or any thing else that can be made use of in keeping up the stock of work. Call at the old sign of EVANS & KENNINGS, one door south of M. Wasson & Co's Store.

JAMES Y. SEVIRN.  
HENRY WHITTAKER.  
May 31, 1848. n2m3

## Long's PATENT PLOWS

Manufactured by Moses Smith, Of Delaware, Ohio,

Are offered by the subscriber for the low price of five dollars. These plows are warranted to run well and do good service and also to please those who buy them. Purchasers are at liberty to take and try them, and if they do not run well and prove to be superior to any they have in use, their money shall be refunded when the plow is returned. A good supply of shears constantly on hand. Those who want plows are invited to call and see for themselves.

R. PICKET.  
Marysville, Sept. 15, 1848. n20tf

Important to Farmers!



La test and best improved cast iron plow, for sale by the subscribers at the low price of FIVE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS. These plows are manufactured by M. C. FURLONG, at Mt. Vernon, and warranted to run well and do good service, and also to please those who buy them. Purchasers are at liberty to take and try them, and if they do not run well and prove to be superior to any they have in use their money shall be refunded when the plow is returned. A good supply of shears constantly on hand. Those who want plows are invited to call and see for themselves.

FRANK & WOLFORD.  
Marysville, August 16, 1848. n13yl



Wm. H. Frank & Henry Wolford, WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Marysville, and of the county generally, that they are prepared to MAKE TO ORDER, and intend keeping on hand at THEIR SHOP, at the south end of South street, any article of CABINET FURNITURE that may be called for.

Our Furniture will be made of good materials and upon the most reasonable terms. If you want any kind of Cabinet work, call and see us, and we will try and suit you.

We have nothing to do but work late and early; consequently we can afford to SELL CHEAPER than those who work only part of the time!

WINDOW SASH constantly on hand for sale.

November 4, 1846. n26tf

### Woolen Factory!

THE subscriber having rented for a term of years, the Woolen Factory of M. Fullington, five miles south of Milford, and having furnished the same with entire dew machinery of the best quality, is prepared to card and spin wool, to weave and dress cloth on the shortest notice, in the best style, and upon the following terms:

For carding and spinning, 12 1/2 cents per pound; manufacturing into cloth or satinet, 37 1/2 cents per yard; or will give a yard of cloth for 2 1/2 pounds of wool! And he will card wool for the common country prices.

Persons coming from a distance for wool carding, by staying over night, can have Rolls to take home with them.

Most kinds of country produce will be taken in payment for work at the highest Market price.

E. S. GUNN.  
Westford, Union co., O., May 13, 1847

Dr. G. Rathbun,  
BOTANIC PHYSICIAN.  
Marysville, August 12, 1846. n14tf.

## STILL ON HAND, Like a Sore Finger.

J. L. Geer

Gives his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Marysville and its vicinity for the liberal patronage which he has received from them in the TAILORING BUSINESS; and as he intends to continue among the same people, they may expect the same humble efforts continued. He hopes to merit a very respectable share of public patronage.

Cutting done on short notice and warranted to fit, if properly made up.

All work shall be done in a style durable and neat.

Any thing taken for pay which can be used, burned or eaten.

Shop, south of the Court House.  
April 12, 1848. n47tf

## Tailor Shop.

H. CRISWELL respectfully announces to the Public, that he still continues to carry on the TAILORING BUSINESS, AT THE OLD STAND,

in Marysville, opposite R. PICKET'S Store, where he will be ready and happy, at all times to wait upon those who may see fit to favor him with their patronage.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes by strict attention to his business and work unsurpassed in style and durability, still to merit their approbation, and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

All work warranted. Cutting done to order, on short notice and liberal terms. N. B.—Most kinds of country produce will be received in payment for work.

November 17, 1847. n26tf

### United States

Newspaper Advertising and Subscription Agency for English, German and French Papers.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted to order in the various newspapers published in the United States, at the different offices.

Persons who want information on the subject are respectfully invited to call at the office, and it will be cheerfully communicated to them, where files of the different papers can be examined; those who do not wish to call, and want any information on the subject, by addressing a note through the Dispatch Post or otherwise, the subscriber will call on them.

Types of every description, Printing Ink, Cases, &c., necessary for a Printing office.

Stereotyping attended to at the shortest notice.

Merchants' accounts, and others, collected and promptly attended to in all parts of the United States.

Orders received for all kinds of Stone coal, selected from the most approved mines, expressly for family use.

E. W. CARR.

Authorized Newspaper Agent, Sun Buildings, Third and Dock Streets, opposite Merchants' Exchange, or 440 North 4th street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
July 7, 1847. n7tf.

GEORGE PRATT'S AMERICAN AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING & SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY,

No. 151 Nassau st. (Brick Church Chapel), New York.

The terms are as follows: 25 per cent. commission for procuring, preparing, and forwarding advertisements, to be collected at the expense and risk of the agency.

Payments made of the moneys received, less discount, at the expiration of three months from the date of the first insertion of the advertisements.

Fifteen per cent. will be required for obtaining subscriptions, which must be invariably paid to the agency in advance, and will be payable over on demand.

Five per cent. will be charged on accounts sent to the agency for collection.

Postage on letters will be paid by the agency, but charged in account.

Publishers of papers desirous of connecting themselves with this agency, will please announce the agency merely, and send paper to the undersigned.

One copy of each paper containing the advertisements published by direction of his agency, to be sent to the advertising party.

Orders for printing presses, type, paper, ink, and printing materials will be promptly attended to, either for cash remittances, or to the extent of credits on the books of the agency, less commission 2 1/2 per cent. Respectfully yours,

GEORGE PRATT.  
151 Nassau st. New York.  
August 23, 1848. n14m3

NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to me for work done at my shop, will please call, and settle the same immediately, as I shall leave all accounts in the hands of the proper officers for collection after the first of December. C. W. ROSETTE.  
Nov. 14, 1848. n25w3

MACKEREL, Shad, Cod, and White Fish, at SKINNER'S.

## THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE JUST RECEIVING AN Unusual LARGE STOCK OF GOODS TO WHICH WE WISH TO CALL The Attention of the Citizens of Union County.

W. H. SKINNER & CO.

September, 20, 1848. n18tf.

### Patent Medicated Indian Rubber Porous Strengthening Plaster.

Come one, come all, of every trade and every ism.

So deeply tortured by the Rheumatism, With swiftly flying pains than rail-car faster,

Come try the Patent Gum Elastic Plaster!

Talk they of wealth, how can it draw? 'Tis true 'tis strong, but govern'd by no sacred law—

It often draws to harm; but wealth of Aster Or Kings, doth equal not the Gum Elastic Plaster.

Does weakness torpify thy quivering frame! No matter what the primal cause or blame—

Wouldst thou of health and strength again be faster? Then buy and try the Gum Elastic Plaster.

For sale in Marysville by May 10, 1848. R. PICKET.

MAN may get mad for opinions' sake, but who can get mad for facts? When the sick say they had rather have one 25 cent box of Dr. Le Roy's Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla Pill than a whole dollar bottle of Sarsaparilla Syrup or Wild Cherry Bitters.

We can only say it is a judicious choice, from the fact that the Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla Pills are a strengthening, purgative, and a purifying Tonic. They tone and invigorate the system, they purge and purify. And we challenge the world to produce another medicine that has this happy effect upon the system. These Pills can be taken without regard to working, or eating, or weather. Do not wait until you are stretched upon the sick bed, when you are wracked with pains and scorched with fevers. You may prevent all of this by taking Le Roy's Pills, and you will agree with me when you try one box. If females knew their great virtue they would not be without a box if they had to pay \$1.00 instead of 25 cents. These Pills will never fail to cure the chills and fever when they take 4 pills and repeat the dose every 6 hours for 12, 18 or 24 hours—24 hours is the longest any one has ever been known to take them.

For Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and Sick Headache, this medicine has no rival. One box will satisfy the most incredulous in any case, however stubborn it may be. Full directions accompany each box. The genuine article is sold by R. PICKET, in Marysville. Also, for sale in all the towns in the country. May 10. n51m3.

Boot and Shoemaking.

G. Zwerner

informs the citizens of Marysville and vicinity, that he has opened a shop in the brick house in R. Picket's Tan Yard, where he is ready to wait on customers at all times. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He will make to order Boots and Shoes, (course or fine,) and is ready to wait on the ladies in any kind of work they may wish. He flatters himself that his work cannot be surpassed for neatness, cheapness and durability in any part of the world. n50m6 1848.

AGENTS WANTED

TO CANVASS FOR SOME NEW AND POPULAR WORKS, in every County throughout the United States. To Agents, the most liberal encouragement is offered—with a small capital of from \$25 to \$100. A chance is offered, whereby an agent can make from \$10 to \$25 per week. For further particulars address (post paid),

WM. A. LEARY,  
No. 158 North SECOND Street, Philadelphia.

Publishers are requested to send to me for Books immediately, and oblige,

E. W. CARR.

All kinds of Produce wanted at this Office, on subscription.

Saw-logs, hoop-poles and logs wanted!

## GREAT American REMEDY!

Western New York College of HEALTH,

207 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, N. Y.

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures it is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD. It has now become the only medicine for family use, and is particularly recommended for DROPSY:

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. See Pamphlet for testimony.

GRAVEL, and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints it stands alone; no other article can relieve you; and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical;—see pamphlet. Liver Complaint, Bilious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE. To the great west especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT, no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture; it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES, a complaint of a most painful character, is IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED, and a cure follows by a few days' use of this article: it is far before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM, weak back, weakness of the kidneys, &c. or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days' use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame,

Irregularities, Suppressions, painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied on as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so, could give

A THOUSAND NAMES as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the effect of mercury, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system.

ERUPTIVE DISEASES will find the alternative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD, and drive such diseases from the system. See Pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here; Agents give them away; they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article that it never fails to benefit in any case, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON, and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC against a number of articles which come out under the head of

SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &c. as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c. They are good for nothing, and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT! Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles at \$2; 12 oz. do. at \$1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. and not get two small bottles. Look out and not get imposed upon.

Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass, the written signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," stamped on the cork. None other are genuine.—Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post-paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted: post-paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau st., N. York city; 295 Essex st., Salem, Mass.; and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as Agents.

At wholesale, by C. S. BURDSAL, Cincinnati, O.

Agents, R. PICKET, Marysville; A. KEYES, Milford; R. JENNINGS & Co., North Lewisburg.

May 2, 1848. n50m12.

## WISTAR'S

Balsam of Wild Cherry, The Great Remedy for Consumption of the Lungs, Affections of the Liver, Asthma, Brouchitis, Pains or Weakness of the Breast or Lungs, Chronic Cough, Pleurisy, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, and all other Affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Beware of a base counterfeit of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, signed by one Wm. M. Spear, who, in order to palm his vile imitation upon the public, has obtained a fac simile of our bottle, and copied our label of directions verbatim, substituting his own name for that of Henry Wistar, M. D., which is found on the genuine.

Remember, the outside label or wrapper of the genuine Balsam is a finely executed steel plate engraving bearing the signature of Henry Wistar, M. D., and Sanford & Park—none other can be genuine.

Testimony of Doctors in favor of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1835.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for diseases of the Lungs for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases, where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

J. BOYDEN, Physician st., Exeter Corner.

Dr. Wm. A. Shaw, of Washington, N. C., writes under date of May 1, 1846, as follows:

"I have heard of many cases of decided beneficial effects from its use, especially in asthma and chronic cough of spasmodic character. I have used the Wild Cherry a great deal in practice, and with marked good results in those cases of great nervous mobility and irritability to which phthisical patients are subject. The combination of these principles in Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is ingenious and judicious."

Dr. Hoffman, Huntington, Pa., cured a child of asthma with it, after he declared he could do no more with his medicine, and the child must die.

Dr. Freleigh, of Saugerties, N. Y., says he cured a complaint of four years' standing, that would not yield to the usual remedies.

Abraham Skillman, M. D., of Round-brook, N. J., says it is the best medicine for consumption in every stage that he has ever known. We might refer you to hundreds of cases, had we room, that would convince all of its great virtue.

ALBANY, Mass., July 30, 1845.

ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE CURES ON RECORD.—DEAR SIR: Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me.

Possessed of a strong constitution naturally, I enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Some time in July I was violently attacked with a cough which continued until fall; then I was confined to the house for eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours, and raised large quantities of disagreeable matter accompanied with blood. Sometime I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to restore me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me; I must die; it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment, when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill, friends despaired of my life, and my own hopes of recovery at an end, I resorted to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

When I had taken one and a half bottles, those severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued to take the Balsam until the spring of 1844, when I ceased to bleed at the lungs; my health and strength improved so that I was able to leave the house, but was not able to work for a year. Now my health is good—I am able to do a day's work every day on my farm. JAMES GOMERY.

Witness—Thomas Bennett.

Sold by J. D. PARK, (successor to SANFORD & PARK, Fourth and Walnut streets, Cincinnati, O., General Agent for the South and West, to whom all orders must be addressed. Also, by local agents in nearly every town in the south and west. Also by RODNEY PIGGET, Marysville, O.; A. LEBYES, Milford; MANN & HERR, Mechanicsburg; and Kaufman & Nelson, Urbana.

Nov. 29, 1848. n27m4.



# Sale of Delinquent Lands and Town-Lots for Taxes.

The following is a List of Lands and Town-Lots, returned delinquent by CYPRIAN LEE, Treasurer of Union County, for the taxes of the year 1847, including twenty-five per cent. penalty and six per cent interest, for said year, and the simple tax added for the year 1848.

Owners' Names.	No. of Original Entry.	On what water course situated.	Original Owners.	No. of acres delinquent.	Value.	Tax, interest and penalty for the year '47.	Simple Tax for 1848.	Total Tax.
Union Township.								
Booldge John	4277	336	Darby	Robert Kays	647	1870	15 31 3	14 96 0
same	4818	100	do	John Cole	1004	3705	30 32 6	29 64 0
Dunn William	12166	600	do	Samuel Smith	600	333	2 72 4	2 66 4
Erwin Amasa	4769	200	L Darby	Duncan McArthur	35	248	2 03 0	1 98 4
Erwin Rhedi	4769	200	do	same	26	191	1 55 8	1 52 8
Hutchinson Samuel	5127	150	Darby	Alexander Kerr	34	177	1 45 4	1 41 6
Howard Nancy.	4735	283	Treacless	Stanton & Bayley	154	112	91 7	89 6
Smith Wm D	4946	200	"	Wm Heath	84			181 3
Darby Township.								
Broom R L	4067	1120	Darby	E Rickman	68	221	1 86 0	1 81 2
Brown Cathrine	5008	657	"	Hugh Woodson	196	605	5 16 1	4 96 9
Brown John	4903	100	"	Wm Petty	50	262	2 22 7	2 14 8
Dunn Walter	8698	441	"	L Sullivan	170	727	6 18 3	5 96 1
Gabriel Abraham	4903	100	"	Wm Patton	50	262	2 22 7	2 14 8
Galloway James	15510	80	"	James Galloway	80	280	2 38 4	2 29 6
Hagar John B	3484	800	"	L Sullivan	3	100	85 1	83 0
Kendall Sextus	5009	265	"	Hugh Woodson	60	250	2 13 5	2 05 0
McCullough Samuel	3484	800	"	L Sullivan	3	100	85 1	82 0
Rice Daniel	6223	100	"	Tuttle Hudson	40	86	73 8	70 5
Ruppright Godlieb	7393	313	"	John Graham	50	245	3 08 2	2 00 9
Smythe Richard	5005	200	"	Richard Smythe	50	165	1 40 1	1 35 2
Sawyer Nathaniel	12169	200	"	Samuel Smith	145	634	5 29 7	5 19 8
Sullivan Lucas heirs	3881	344	"	John Knight	209	736	6 26 1	6 03 5
same	3632	310	"	Robert Power	31	104	89 0	85 2
same	2871	1000	"	Richard Stephenson	196	1108	9 39 2	9 09 9
same	2871	1000	"	same	96	570	4 64 7	4 67 1
Jerome Township.								
Broom R L	10614, 9367	149	"	James Galloway	23	45	39 3	36 0
Beach Amos	2999	1330	Scioto	John Phillips	69	720	6 36 6	5 76 0
Cassil John	5166	200	Darby	Robert Means	149	557	4 92 5	4 45 6
Cattinger Peter	2991	1330	Scioto	J Phillips	90	450	3 08 2	3 00 0
Chapman Albert	6420	436	"	Wm Barlow	52	100	89 0	80
Cassil John	7774	800	"	John Crawford	90	294	2 59 3	1 92 0
Dodds Timothy	5611	360	Darby	Thomas M Bayley	30	72	64 1	57 6
Debevoise Courtland	2991	1330	Scioto	John Phillips	60	320	2 82 9	2 56 0
Ellis David C	6420	430	"	Wm Barlow	38	119	1 06 1	95 2
Galloway James	7058	400	"	Jas Galloway	447	900	7 95 4	7 20 0
Good William	6595	277	"	Thomas Parker	34	104	91 7	83 2
Hagar John B	5285	94	Darby	L Sullivan	37	211	1 96 0	1 68 8
Morrison Urith	6596	277	Scioto	Thos Parker	14	30	26 3	23 2
Moore Esop	6748	585	"	John Anderson	25	72	64 1	57 6
Marshall Joshua	3743	800	"	Robert Means	15	75	98 2	60 0
O'Hara Charles	3452	650	"	Wm Barksdale	10	76	68 8	60 8
Rary Wm H	3014	190	"	H Gilliam	109	266	2 47 5	2 24 0
Sterling Lyne	2991	1300	"	John Phillips	5	114	1 00 8	91 2
Wagner Joseph	6595	277	"	Thos Parker	41	100	89 0	80 0
Wilcox Nathan	6748	585	"	John Anderson	25	119	1 04 8	95 2
Millcreek Township.								
Beckley Hiram	2989	1000	Millcreek	John Phillips	144	665	6 06 9	6 05 0
Burdick Hezekiah	5477	1600	"	John Cole	25	48	49 7	48 0
Burrows Wm E	5477	1800	"	same	33	162	1 70 3	1 62 0
Freshwater Christa	2889	1070	"	John Phillips	28	117	1 23 1	1 30 8
Price John's heirs	5477	1800	"	John Cole	32	112	2 41 0	1 12 0
Smart Daniel H	2998	1070	"	Samuel Seldon	105	840	3 56 3	3 33 0
Thompson John	1307	1000	"	Robert Dandridge	25	97	1 00 8	97 0
Dover Township.								
Barker George W	5202	800	"	Robert Means	3	43	43 2	40 8
Hawey James	3007	1087	"	Jno Graham	112	426	4 32 3	4 04 7
Mitchell Thomas	3007	1087	"	same	50	790	1 92 5	1 79 4
Ralston Wm S	5498	1358	Bluescreek	Robert Means	65	247	2 50 2	2 34 6
Smith David	3007	1087	Miller	John Graham	56	273	3 78 5	3 54 3
Trout Abraham	5497	1358	Bluescreek	Robt Means	79	451	4 58 5	4 28 4
Paris Township.								
Broom R L	3351	1087	Miller	Edwd Dowse	4	190	2 30 5	2 26 0
Gratty William	4069	1000	"	E Rickman	20	247	2 09 6	2 22 3
Galloway James	12338	440	Darby	James Galloway	10	38	34 0	31 2
same	5292		"	same	11	42	36 6	37 8
Parthmore Jacob A	1913	800	Miller	Thomas Kennon	129	738	6 28 8	6 04 2
Sterling Lyne	5136	800	"	John Prid	154	680	81 91 4	6 17 4
Staley Peter	5416	500	"	Nathan Lamme	108	565	4 80 7	5 08 5
Wolford Adam	3351	1087	"	Edwd Dowse	4	105	1 13 9	1 47 0
Wood Michael S	4075	666	"	Benj Biggs	100	713	6 06 5	6 41 7
Wason Mains	3351	1087	"	Edwd Dowse	4	35	39 1	31 5
Liberty Township.								
Baughn Mordecai	4404	1333	"	Benj Grimes	22	84	79 9	85 6
Baughn Wm M	4404	1333	"	same	98	750	6 27 4	7 65 0
Bryan John A	3480	700	"	Samuel Bayley	89	684	6 49 7	6 97 6
Clark Asa	12400, 12403, 1823		Darby	Rogers, McQueen, &c	50	143	1 36 2	1 45 8
same	12393, 12413		"	same	11	42	36 6	37 8
same	12472	1600	"	same	11	42	36 6	37 8
Dixon & Baughn	4404	1333	"	same	11	42	36 6	37 8
Foster William	12395, 12375	523	Darby	James Galloway	15	72	68 1	63 4
same	12402, 12427, 523 & 12428		"	same	15	72	68 1	63 4
Gaston James E	3443	1000	Miller	David Duncan	100	240	2 27 9	2 44 8
Gladhill Wm	4404	1333	"	Benj Grimes	51	388	3 68 1	3 95 7
Galloway James	5287	100	Darby	James Baldwin	100	338	2 26 6	2 42 7
same	5287	100	"	George Solomons	50	169	1 12 6	1 21 3
same	12399		"	same	50	169	1 12 6	1 21 3
same	12427	523	"	Jas Galloway	18	69	65 5	70 3
same	12428		"	same	18	69	65 5	70 3
Judy Samuel	4404	1333	Miller	Benj Grimes	185	1055	10 02 1	10 76 1
Marsh Samuel	5641, 5778, 1828		"	Robert Means	64	276	2 62 0	2 81 5
same	5808, 6495		"	same	233	1000	9 49 7	10 20 0
Parker Hiram	3444	1000	Darby	David Duncan	23	153	1 45 4	1 56 0
Smith Job	4935	500	"	Thos Sears	23	153	1 45 4	1 56 0
Smith Wm D	12282	750	"	Richard Dorsey	95	283	2 63 5	2 88 6
Thompson A H	3443	1000	Miller	David Duncan	150	357	3 39 2	3 64 1
Turner Aquilla	3443	1000	"	same	10	30	28 8	30 6
Unknown	12760	100	"	Jacob Lease	100	233	2 02 0	2 42 7
Leesburg Township.								
Alexander Jas S	803	1000	Bokeser	William Sample	300	825	7 57 1	6 76 5
Brannan Joseph	3694	1000	"	Thos Frazer	105	688	6 26 1	5 60 0
Canada John	6199	400	"	John Baird	35	132	1 20 5	1 08 2
Duncan Margaret S	4284	1333	Miller	John Holmes	220	837	6 39 2	4 64 1
Harlan Carter's heirs	5870	1000	Bluescreek	Wm B Bunting	740	2130	19 61 0	17 53 0
Laughrey John	5507	390	"	Bayler Hill	30	120	1 10 0	63 4
Lyon George A	4264	1333	Miller	John Holmes	80	272	2 48 9	2 23 0
McBratney Margaret	5686	1000	Bokeser	Robert Means	67	284	2 60 6	2 32 8
McNeil John	6493	1866	"	same	32	104	95 6	85 2
McAdow John	6493	1866	"	same	61	183	1 67 6	1 50 0
same	5629		"	same	61	183	1 67 6	1 50 0
Melich Maria	6211	640	Fultonscr	Jas Barnett	127	333	3 93 0	2 73 0
Reed E W H	12577	800	Bluescreek	Cuthbert Harrison	400	1100	10 08 7	9 02 9
Taggart J & others	6540	418	Fultonscr	J Taggart & others	80	200	22 40 0	1 64 6
Welch Benjamin	2893	1000	Bokeser	F Frazier	15	110	1 00 8	99 2
same	5505	1793	Bluescreek	Andrew Mead	63	189	1 72 3	1 54 9
Allen Township.								
Audus William	4812	8333						